HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

THE OREAT REMEDIES FOR ALL DISEASES

OF THE LIVER, STOMACE, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medicinally termed, Extracts) of Boots, Herbs, and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated and entirely free from alcoholic admixture of any

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC Is a combination o all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of Santa Cruz Rum Grange, &c., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public. Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS. Those who have no objection to the combination of the Bitters, as stated, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC. They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged. The Liver, sympathizing as closely as it does with the Stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausen, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Pulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffeating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision. Dots or Webbs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head. ciency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Byes, Pain in the side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which he is as-sured from his investigations and inquiries pos-sesses true merit, is skilfully compounded, is free from injurious ingredients, and has established for from injurious ingredients, and has established in itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases In this connection we would submit those well-

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC. PREPARED BY DR. C. M. JACKSON,

BOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

PHILADELPHIA, PA. Twenty two years since they were first intro-duced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefitted suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Com-plaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhosa, Disease of the Kid-neys, and all diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY,

Resulting from any Cause whatever; Prostration o the System, induced by Severe Labor, Hard. ships, Exposure, Fevers, &c.

There is no medicine extant equal to these rem there is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the bleed is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes. a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

PERSONS ADVANCED IN LIFE. And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instil new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE. It is a well established fact that full one-half of he female portion of our population are seldom in he enjoyment of good health; or, to use their own apression, "never feel well." They are languid, levoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have

To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these reedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS without fail. Thousands of certificates have accumulated in

the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

# TESTIMONIALS.

HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa., writes: "I find 'Hooffand's German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility and want of nervous action in the system. Yours, truly, GEO. W. WOODWARD."

HON. JAMES THOMPSON. Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania

FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D., Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia Dr. Jackson-Dear Sir: I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommenda-tions of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters. I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, for general de-bility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation. In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from

Yours, very respectfully, J. H. KENNARD, Eighth, below Coates street.

FROM REV. E. D. FENDALL, Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Phila Assistant Editor Caristian Caronicle, Paila.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoefland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valgable tonic te all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the hver.

Yours truly.

E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.

Hooffand's German Remedies are counterfeited See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. Ail others are coun-Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No. 631 ARCH STREET, Phila-delphia, Pa.

> CHARLES M. EVANS, Proprietor, Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

PRICES. Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottle \$1 80 per bottle, or half dozen for \$7 50. By Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere de 21-D& Weedm

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VOL. XXXI.

WASHINGTON, D. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1868.

THE EVENING STAR.

Washington News and Gossip.

RECEPTIONS YESTERDAY .- The warm sunshine and balmy south air of yesterday was suggestive of the near appeaach of spring, and was unusually favorable for the every Wednesday receptions which are a feature of Washington Society this season.

The reception of the ladies of Postmaster General Randall's family was, as usual, targely attended. The guests were received by Mrs. Randall, and the beautiful and accomplished Mrs. Colonel J. J. Wheeler, of New York, the latter being handsomely attired in a heavy black silk dress, cut square and low in the neck, and filled in with white illusion; the whole toilette being exceedingly beautiful and striking. Mrs. Governor Randall was attired in a magnificent blue corded silk, trimmed with lace, jets and diamond ornaments, with hair neatly and tastefully arranged. This recepnon was one of the most brilliant ever given in Washington.

The reception of Mrs Secretary Stanton was largely attended. The guests were received by Mrs. Stanton in the east parlor of the residence of the Secretary, and the afternoon was pleasantly passed in social conversation. Among the callers were the wives of the Cabinet officers, ministers resident, and attaches of foreign legations, and others. The stream of callers continued for several hours, and the handsome manner in which they were received made the occasion one of rare pleasure.

Of the several receptions, none had a larger attendance than that of the ladies of Secretary McCulloch's family. Mrs. McCulloch was attired in a light green moire antique, crystal trimmings, point lace collar and fuschia ornaments. She was assisted by Mrs. Dielle, of Plattsburg, who, in a blue silk, with black lace trimming, becomingly and gracefully acquitted herseli; also, by Miss Man, who was attired in a garnet silk, and Miss Bailey in a rich purple silk. A large number of visitors paid their respects to the occupants of the mansion, thronging the spacious and elegant parlors of the residence with a brilliant array of the elite of

the District. The distance of Secretary Browning's residence from the city presented no obstacle to the many visitors, who were richly repaid for the trip to the heights of Georgetown, as well by the charming cordiality with which they were received by the ladies of the family, Mrs. Browning and her daughter, and Mrs. Carroll and Mrs. Dr. Mills, as by a view of the magnificent landscape presented from the residence, which, from its elevated site, commands a panoramic view of the hills of Maryland and Virginia, and the broad Potomac far belo Alexandria. A tine collation was provided for the refreshment of visitors.

Mr. Secretary Weiles' reception was also largely attended during the designated hours. The visitors were received by Mrs. Welles, the Misses Merritt, Miss Curtin and Miss Williams with that cordiality which is always the principal charm of the receptions held by the ladies of this household, and a general air of sociability prevailed, which rendered a visit an occasion of real, unalloyed pleasure.

Mrs. Matthews and Miss Matthews, the ladies of Speaker Colfax's family, held their usual reception yesterday afternoon, at their splendid residence, in President square. In point of elegance and numbers it was not exceeded by any other held during the day, and the list of visitors included many of the ladies of the most prominent representatives of the District wealth and fashion. In the the spacious parlors of the mansion Mrs. Matthews and her accomplished daughter received their host of visitors, with that charming hospitality for which they are noted, and a call upon them was justly considered one of the most pleasing incidents of the day.

Last night was the last reception of the season of Chief Justice Chase. The spacious parlors of his commodious mansion were filled to overflowing with the most select and fashiorable society in the city. The President of the United States, with his daughter, Mrs. Stover. were in attendance, and Foreign Legations. members of both houses of Congress, and the wealth and fashion of the nation at large were all represented. The Chief Justice received every one with a kindly and hospitable greeting suitable to such an occasion, and Miss Nettie Chase and Mrs. Sprague made their friends welcome with their usual unfailing courtesy.

POLITICAL .- The Wilmington (Del.) Journal has a long communication recommending Gen. Daniel Ullman as the Republican candidate for Vice President.

- The Kentucky Statesman, published at Lexington, and the Sciota Gazette, published at Chillicothe, Ohio, are out in strong articles declaring for Hon. B. F. Wade as their choice for Vice President on the ticket with Grant. The former paper states that the indications are that the Kentucky State Convention will instruct their delegates to so vote at the National Republican Convention at Chicago.

- The Syracuse Republicans yesterday elected Chas. G. Andrews mayor, by a majority of 124, over Gen. John A. Green, Jr. A dispatch from there says:

.-Party lines were strictly drawn; representative men were nominated, and a great victory has been achieved. The Republicans also elect five out of eight aldermen, giving us the entire control of the city government. We gain on the vote of last fall 193, and on that of last spring 64. We are all rejoicing to-night with cannon, speeches, and music. We have had a hard fight, and the enemy is ours."

-The names of Messrs. Hawkshurst, of A!exandria, Rivers, of Albemarle, Rice, of Shenandoah, and Thomas, of Henry, are spoken of in connection with the Virginia Governorship. The Nominating Convention meets at Richmond this week.

-There are numerous arrivals of prominent Democrats, who come here to take part in the selection of a place for holding the National Democratic Nominating Convention. The West is very numerously represented, and it is probable that region will be as strong as the North and East combined. The outside pressure upon the members of the National Committee, which meets here next Saturday. to secure their votes for the meeting of the Convention in one or other of the favorite cities, is overwhelming. All the members of the committee have not arrived, nor is it certain they will all be here by Saturday, as some of them have not been heard from. The committee, as furnished by the secretary, are :- New York, August Belmont, New York city: Massachusetts, F. O. Prince, Boston, secretary: Maine, C. R. Lynn, Port-land: New Hampshire, Josiah Minot, Concord; Vermont, H. B. Smith, Milton; Connecticut, Wm. M Converse, Norwich; Rhode Island Gideon Bradford, Providence; New Jersey, G. Steele, Trenton; Pennsylvania, W. A. Galbraith, Erie; Delaware, John A. Nicholson. Dover; Maryland, Oden Bowie, Collington: Kentucky, James Guthrie, Louisville, L. S Trimble, Paducah; Ohio, Rufus P. Ranney, Cleveland; Indiana, W. E. Niblack, Vincennes; Illinois, Wilbur F. Story, Chicago; Michigan, W. L. Banneroft, Port Huron; Missouri, Lewis W. Bogg, St. Louis: Minnesota. John H. M. Kenney, Chatfield; Wisconsin, Geo. H. Paul. Milwankie: Iowa. D. G. Finch, Des Moines; Kansas, Isaac E. Eaton, Leavenworth; California, Thomas Haynes, San Francisco; Oregon, William McMillan; Virginia, John S. Millson, Norfolk South Carolina, Wm. L. Sharkey; Alabama, Geo. S. Houston; Texas, John Hancock; Georgia, A. H. Chappell; West Virginia, Thos. Sweeny; Florida. H. Marvin; Arkansas, A. B. Greenwood, Bentonville; Nevada, Jos. McCorke, Virginia City: Nebraska, John

Patrick, Omaha. -The Democratic State Convention of Wisconsin met yesterday and nominated Charles Dunn for chief justice. Holmes Ells for associate justice, and elected delegates at large to the National Democratic Convention. The

-The Republican State Convention of Indiana meets at Indianapolis to-day. George Baker will be nominated by acclamation for re-election. Hon. William Cumback has the nside track for Lieutenant Governor. There will be a spirited contest for the other offices.

RETIRING ARMY OFFICERS.-In the Senate to-day. Mr. Wilson, of Massachusetts, introduced the following bill, which was referred to

the Committee on Military Affairs: Be it enacted, &c. That officers of the army may hereafter be retired on account of wounds received in the volunteer service in the late war, and when retired the retiring shall be un-der the same conditions as though they were serving in the regular army at the time the aid woulds were received.

Poor McCrkery!-The arnouncement that Mr McCreery, the newly elected United States Senator from Kentucky, has never held a public office, is one calculated to make him an object of lender solicitude.

He little knows what is in store for him .- the springes and traps and pitfalls that beset his pathway henceforth forevermore. He is happily ignorant of the dreary round to be taken in search of an abiding place when he first comes to the Capitoline city to assume the toga Senatorial; of the cheerless halls, the shabby genteel parlors, and the sleep-forbidding chambers he shall see, all tricked out in the cast off upholstery of committee rooms; of stately and freezing landladies, with the inevitable question "are you a member!"-the comforting assurance that they don't keep boarders, but would be willing to take a quiet gentleman of means, and willing to pay, for the sake of his company,-the overpowering information that Judge Boomerang, of Arkansas, occupied this dormitory all the time he was in Congress, and that Colone Diehard, of the reserve rear guard, rented that hall chamber at \$125 a month during the entire war; of the overdone beefsteaks, the underdone potatoes, the leathery pies, the dishwater coffee

he shall consume. He knows nothing of the exhausting demands to help constituents and friends never before heard or dreamed of; of the unceasing calls to be made upon him to contribute to this fair and that charity; of the persuasive appeals to give the subscription list of this book and that engraving the benefit of his influential name; of the thousand and one requests to place his autograph in the album of that and the other distinguished admirer; of the irresistible invocation to have his classic bust done in plaster and placed with the other prides of the country in the old chamber of the House.

Innocent is he of the unavoidable buttonholings he must endure from disinterested patriots, with queer but conclusive reasons why this little bill should be put through and that one laid on the shelf,-why one railroad should have dollars and acres by the million and another prevented from being built, even without Government aid; of the innumerable raws. roasts, fries, steams and stews he shall eat and the bad whiskeys he shall drink, to enable him

to properly understand them. He can imagine nothing of the hot and impure air he must breathe; of the bewildering points of order to be raised on him; of the always beginning, never-ending, and sleep-inspiring speeches his tired ears shall take in from t untiring lips of inexorable cotemporaries; of the cringing and fawning that shall attend his possession of office, and of the cold forgetfulness that shall follow his unwilling retirement from it.

All these, and many other things that shall make him a wiser if not a better man, he has yet to learn. We repeat: Poor McCreery!

RIGHTS OF NATURALIZED CITIZENS ABROAD -New Bill to be Reported .- The Committee on Foreige Affairs have agreed upon the following bill as a substitute for the one heretofore reported by them. It will be reported to the House at the earliest opportunity: Whereas the right of expatriation is a natural and in herent right of all people, indispensable to the enjoyment of the rights of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, for the protection of which the government of the United States was established; and whereas in the recognition of this principle this government has freely received emigrants from all nations, and invested them with rights of citizenship; and whereas it is claimed that all such American citizens, with their descendants, are subjects of foreign States. owing allegiance to the government thereof; and whereas it is necessary to the maintenance of public peace that this claim of foreign allegiance should be promptly and finally disavowed

therefore Be it enacted, &c., That any declaration, instruction, opinion, order or decision of any officer of this Government, which denies, restricts, impairs or questions the right of expatriation, is hereby declared inconsistent with the fundamental principles of this government, and, therefore, null and void.

Section 2. That all naturalized citizens of the

United States, while in foreign States, shall be entitled to and shall receive from this government the same protection of person and property that is accorded to native born citizens in like situation and circumstances. Section 3. That whenever it shall be duly made known to the President that any citizen of the United States has been arrested by any foreign government in contravention of the intent and purposes of this act, upon the allegation that naturalization in the United States does not operate to dissolve his allegiance to his native sovereign, or it any citizen shall have been arrested and detained, whose release

upon demand, shall have been unreasonably lelayed or refused, the President shall be, and hereby is, empowered to order the arrest and detain in custody any subject or citizen of such foreign government who may be found within the jurisdiction of the United States, and the President shall, without delay, give information to Congress of any such proceeding under

LA COTERIE CAENIVAL .- The grand bal masque comes off at Marini's Assembly Rooms, formerly Temperance Hall, to-morrow evening, it will be remembered. No such entertainment has heretofore been given in Washington, and its novelty and select character will insure a full attendance, no doubt, as our most prominent citizens are subscribers. Moxley, the costumer, will be on hand at the hall to attend to those who do not come in costume. The preparations now being made by Professor Marini at the hall indicate that the afair will be carried out in the same brilliant and effective style that has characterized similar entertainments this season in New York and Phila-

THE FASHIONABLES and would-be fashionables who endeavor to "sensate" at receptions, etc., may be interested in knowing that the Washington correspondent of the New York Commercial Advertiser declares that "the finest looking woman at the President's reception on Monday evening was Mrs. Brumidi, (nee Germon,) the wife of the artist who has so elabo. rately decorated the Capitol."

THE PROTECTION OF PASSENGERS .- The Secretary of the Treasury, in compliance with a resolution of the Senate, communicated tolay his views, respectfully urging upon the tention of Congress the necessity of providing for the better protection of steerage passengers at sea by a thorough and immediate revision of the laws now in force. The Secretary suggests that the carrying of steerage passengers should be confined to a single deck: that the minimum age at which two children count as one passenger should be reduced, so that this proviso shall apply to children over one and under five years of age, instead of eight years. as the law now stands: that every vessel engaged in the carriage of passen-gers should be required to have a well supplied medicine chest for the benefit of passengers and crew, and there should be a regu larly qualified physician or surgeon on board, and that there should be an improved mode of ventilation and specified rule of cookery. Rement touching the protection in morals on emi-grant vessels, disclose the most revolting details with regard to the privacy of female pas-sengers. All emigrants should feel, the moment they embark, that they are measurably under the protection of a beneficent, free Government and the sanctity of female retirement should b

guarded by adequate legislation. RESIGNED.—The resignation of Major Rich. ard R. Montgomery, Judge Advocate, has been accepted by the President, to take effect from and after 14th instant. Major Montgomery has been on duty for some time past in the office of Judge Advocate General Holt, and will be remembered in connection with the assassination conspiracy trials, having assisted the prosecu-

PERSONAL.—Gen. McClellan has gone to Floresce from Vienna with his wife, whose health requires the change. The day before his departure he was entertained at dinner by the Archduke Albert. ....Gen. Joe Hooker is announced as among the latest arrivals in Rome. ....trov. Orr, of South Carolina, has been called from Charleston to his home by sickness in his family. ....It is rumored that Gov. Bullock, of Mass., proposes to retire to private life at the end of his present term.

THE RETRENCHMENT COMMITTEE met to-day,

THE COMMITTEE ON BANKING AND CUR-

THE SHERMAN ORDER REVOKED .- That portion of general order No. 10 which assigned Lieut. Gen. W. T. Sherman to the command of the new Department of the Atlantic, with headquarters at Washington, D. C., has been revoked by the President. It will be remembered that the general order referred to was issued last week, and after creating the new department assigned Gen. Sherman to the command thereof. That portion of the order creating the department is still in force, but no one has been assigned to the command in place of Gen. Sherman.

RESIGNATIONS ACCEPTED .- The resignation from the 14th instant Du Bois has resigned, and the resignation been accepted, to take effect from April 1st.

W. D. O'CONNOR (who wrote the elaborate defense in the New York Times of Mrs. Aker's claim to the authorship of "Rock me to Sleep") will have a clever jeu d'esprit on the subject in the March Galaxy. It will be entitled the "Ballad of Sir Ball."

BIDS OPENED .- At 1 o'clock to-day, Commoand setting up, ready for use, of a steam heating apparatus for warming the new Midshipmen's were as follows:-A R. Shepherd & Bro., \$12,991.50 Woodward Steam Manufacturing Company of New York, all complete, Baltimore, Hazelhurst & Co., proprietors, all complete in four months, for \$13,500. Monumental Iron Works, Baltimore, A. W. Denread & Son, proprietors, all complete, for \$17,000. Hutchinson & Bro., Baltimore, all

The following bids were also received, but a them, they were not considered :- Andrew El or \$17,700. Thomas N. Makibbin, Annapolis

ARMY BOARD DISSOLVED .- The board o army officers, corsisting of Lieutentant General W. T. Sherman, Major General Phillip Sheridan and Major General C. C. Augur, convened in this city on the 18th of December last, by special orders No. 523, to examine into the proposed system of revised army regulations has been dissolved by special orders No. 41 just issued from the War Department, and the officers comprising the board have been ordered to return to their proper stations, having completed their duties here.

THE STATISTICAL EUREAU .- This Bureau will shortly receive the attention of Congress, and a number of changes will probably be made as to the management of the same. The clerical force will no doubt be reduced about one-haif, and the removal of the present head of the Bureau-Alexander Delmar-will be recommended. Hon. David A. Welles is named as a suitable person to be placed at the head of

PARDONS BY THE PRESIDENT .- The Presi greenbacks, National Bank carrency, fraction-States, with the date of issuing each pardon. reasons for issuing it, and by whom recomfoolscap embracing therein, probably, as many names of persons who have been pardoned.

AFFAIRS IN ALABAMA. - Brevet Brig. Gen. J. Haydan, Assistant Commissioner of the Freed. men's Bureau for the State of Alabama, reports to Gen. Howard that the operations of the bureau in that State have generally been satisfactory, although in some districts in the State the civil officers fail to discharge their duties as required by the State laws, and in some justances have refused to act at all. Capt. Callis. sub-Assistant Commissioner at Hantsville, and S. S. Gardner, sub-Assistant Commissioner a Greenville, have been relieved from duty for their participation in politics, and their places filled by officers of the army. The opposition to the efforts that are being made to reconstruct State under the acts of Cengress, and the bitter political contest growing therefrom, has tended greatly to delay the operations of the planters, and has prevented many freedmen from making

ingent expenses. Dr. A. recommends: "First. That the glass portion of the roof should be raised at least eight feet, and that an air-tight ceiling should be placed beneath the "Second. That the illumination of the cham

ber by gas shall be made by lanterns and reflectors, with chimneys to carry off the heated pro "Third. That the air-ducts under the floor he chamber be remodelled in shape, so that

THE SHERMAN LETTER .- The President yeserday received the letter from General Sherman on the subject of his assignment to the new command of the Department of the Atlantic and his nomination to be Brevet General, hereofore referred to by us. The letter is dated the 14th instant, and came through the headquarters of Gen. Grant.

THE MILITARY ACADEMY appropriation bill was reported to the Senate to-day by Mr. Morrill, from the Senate Committee on Appropriations, substantially as it passed the House. This is the first of the appropriation bills reported to the Senate. It is the intention of Senator Morrill to bring all appropriation bills before the Senate as soon after their passage by the House as possible, so as to have them finished early in

INTERNAL REVERUE.—The receipts from this source to-day were \$260,550.91.

No MORE APPOINTMENTS .- Secretary Mc-Culloch has announced that no more female clerks will be appointed in the Department for several months, as the number now employed is sufficient, and it is very probable that a reduction will shortly be made. It is therefore useless to file applications, as they cannot be

17 From Mr. J. C. Parker, 458 7th street, we have received the Atlantic Monthly, Godey's Ladys' Book and Peterson's Lady's Nationa Magazine for March.

#### TELEGRAMS TO THE STAR This Afternoon's Dispatches. INDIANA REPUBLICAN STATE CON-VENTION.

[Special Dispatch to the Star.] INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 20-1 p. m .- An im mense and enthusiastic Republican State Convention is now in session. General Grant and Speaker Colfax have been unanimously nominated for President and Vice President. The utmost enthusiasm exists, and the bands are now playing "Hail to the Chief." Col. Baker, now acting Governor, was unanimously nominated for Governor. The Convention will nominate the remainder of the State ticket this

REVOLUTION IN SPAIN. Movement Against Queen Isabella-Fight ing Commenced.

[Special Despatch to the Star] MADRID, Feb. 20.—Despatches from the Prov. inces state that Carlisle party had effected revolution against Queen Isabella in the North and that their adherents have taken up arms in considerable numbers in Navarro. misbes have taken place between the Royal guard and the insurgents, the Queen's officers maintaining their allegiance. Some few per-sons were wounded during the turmult. The sons were wounded during the turmult. The movement is the result of a deliberate and well planned organization. The police have seized documentary evidence of the fact.

The officers have already found and carried away from Navarro three thousand copies of revolutionary manifests addressed to the people of Spain. Each copy is headed with wood cut of the eldest son of Don Juan, who is entitled and named Charles the Seventh of Spain: is second cousin to Queen Isabella, and grand son of Don Carlos, who made the war agains: her accession to the throne. Don Juan, his father, being the son of Don Carlos.

Daniel Drew and the Erie Railroad Company in Court-Fatal Coal Oil Explosion-Important Judicial Decision.

[Special Dispatch to the Star.] New York, Feb. 20 .- An order to show caus why Daniel Drew should not be removed from his office as Director of the Erie Railway com. pany was granted yesterday by the Supreme Court. The proceeding is taken in the name of the people of the State of New York in pursuance of the State in such case provided Meantime he is suspended by order of the

Mary Ann Duffin, of 60 Mulberry street, died yesterday of injuries received by an oil lamp explosion. On Friday an agent of "non explo sive oil" was trying to convince her of the merits of his articles when it exploded. In the Supreme Court special term yesterday a citizen of New York sued a firm in Texas for the recovery of certain goods delivered during the wer. The plaintiff was non-suited on the

ground that his contract was treasonable and WISCONSIN DEMOCRATIC STATE CON-

VENTION. [Special Dispatch to the Star.] Madison, Feb. 20 .- In the Democratic State Convention, held here Saturday, no platform was adopted, nor were any instructions given to the delegates to the National Convention. The delegates at large were Henry L. Palmer, Lot Clark, Gilbert Barrick, and Nelson Dewey Delegates from each Congressional district were nomirated. Chas. Dunn and F. G. Ellis were nominated as candidates for Justices of the Su-

preme Court.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRES. Toledo, Ohio, Feb. 20 .- The Waldron House, at Hillsdale, Michigan, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss, \$40,000. It is nearly cleared by insurance. The fire was caused by the explosion of a kerosine lamp. SANDUSKY, OHIO, Feb. 20 .- A destructive fire occurred at Huron, Ohio, last night, destroying a large warehouse and contents, and several adjoining buildings. The loss is about

\$75,000; partially insured. MUNICIPAL ELECTION. [Special Dispatch to the Star.]

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 19 .- At the elec tion yesterday the Democrats carried the town for the first time in fifteen years, by a majority of forty, a gain since last fall of eighty-seven.

FROM EUROPE TO-DAY. [By Cable to the Associated Press.] LONDON Feb. 20-Afternoon.-Consols, 934 Other seculities are unchanged. LIVERPOON Feb. 20 .- Cotton still buoyant

Beef, 112s. 6d. Xard, 50s. Eacon, 39s. 6d. ARRIVAL OF SPECIE. New York, Feb. 20.-The steamer Arizona. from Aspinwall, with \$1,577,819 in specie, has arrived. She brings California dates of the 30th ult. There is no news from the Isthmus or

Central and South American States.

ACCIDENT TO BISHOP STEVENS. WILKESBARRE, PA., Feb. 19 .- Bishop Steven was slightly injured by a railroad accident at Wilkesbarre this morning. It is not of a serious nature, but the Bishop will remain for the present at the residence of Judge Conyangham.

DEAD. FREEHOLD, N. J., Feb. 20 .- Col. Wm. D. Davis, late president of the Freehold and Janes. burg railroad, and a prominent citizen of Monmouth county, died here last night.

----THE FLURRY IN ERIE STOCK .- The latest Wall street excitement is the injunction granted by the Supreme Court, at the instance of one of the directors of the New York and Erie Railway Company, to prohibit that company and its Board of Directors from paying to Daniel Drew, its Treasurer and one of its Executive Committee, any portion of the sum of three million and a half dollars advanced by Drew on stock issued to him by the company at the on the market to fill his "short" sales. The allegation is that there was no authority for the issue of this stock, and if there had been, it should not have been issued for the benefit of one of its own officers at sixty per cent., to be used for the purpose of speculation when the stock was at ninety. The report on the "street is that the suit has been commenced in good faith, and is to be carried through to its legiti mate termination. Whatever that may be will no doubt have the effect to take the control of the Erie road out of the hands of the presen management and to transfer it to those of the great railroad autocrat, Vanderbilt .- N. Y Telegram, 19th.

THE \$10,000 MATCH-COBURN'S HEADQUAR TERS.—Joe Coburn, the Champion of America, and who is matched for \$10,000 against Mike McCoole, has settled himself down preparatory to going into training for the eventful figh Yesterday he opened his new house, the Har-lem Hotel, on 125th street, between 3d and 4th avenues, where was gathered a large number of the sporting fraternity and admirers of the man. Among the assemblage was Dooney Harris, Frank McIntire, Hen. McDermott, Phil Larkin, Alex. Mason, and a host of others. It is a very desirable location, and handy to Central Park, which will give him all the requirements for training.—N. F. Express, 19th.

SAD ACCIDENT.—On Saturday, near this village, Mr Timothy Ryon was killed by the accidental discharge of his gun, in drawing it through or over a sence he had hurriedly crossed while in pursuit of game. The load entered his head, and he died instantly. A little son was with him, and a faithful dog guarded his body, refusing to parmit strangers to approach body, refusing to permit strangers to approach his master until some members of the family came to pacify him. Mr. Ryan was an industrious and honest man, and has left a widow and five small children.—Marlbore Gazette.

THE BALTIMORD AND POTOMAG RAILBOAD. That portion of the work on this road under contract by Mesers. E. G. W. Hall & Co., nine miles from Mariboro', is being carried on with energy. The road is now a fixed fact.—Manbore' Gasette.

### FORTIETH CONGRESS. This Afternoon's Proceedings.

THURSDAY, February 20. SENATE.-Mr. Morgan presented memorial of

citizens of New York asking the abolition of the income tax. Referred to Committee on Fi-Also, memorial of citizens of New York, asking reduction in Government expenditures; that the navy list be reduced to 30 vessels; the army to 20,000 men, and the expenditures to \$20,000 .-

Mr. Buckalew presented memorial of Dr. Thomas Antisell, of the District of Columbia, aggesting certain changes in the ventilation of the Senate chamber. Referred to Committee on Contingent Expenses.

Mr. Sumner, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported, with amendments, the West

Mr. Stewart, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported, with amendments, the bill to establish a National School of Mines. Mr. Conkling presented a remonstrance against the admission of Colorado. On motion of Mr. Trumbull, the House bill

to amend the Supplementary Reconstruction acts was taken up. Mr. Wilson introduced a bill to facilitate the settlement of Paymaster's accounts.

cers of Volunteers wounded in the late war, both of which were referred to the Committee on Military Affairs. The bill indicated by Mr. Trumbull was then taken up, and the amendment of the Judiciary Committee that the adoption of the Constitution

Mr. Trumbull then referred to a paragraph in a Chicago paper, that he was endavoring to stifle this bill, and that Senator Morton would make an attack on him for it. He then read from the proceedings and the votes upon the reconstruction bills now under discussion to prove that he had always been in favor of the principle that the majority of those voting

registered can vote in the district where they reside at the time of the election.

Mr. Buckalew moved to amend this provision by inserting that the party must reside in the election district in which he offers to vote ten days before the election. Mr. Davis moved as an amendment to

tested election case. Adopted. Mr. Hopkins (Wis.) introduced a bill to reg. ulate the disposition of public lands granted for railroad and telegraph lines. Referred to

Committee on Public Lands.

quiring into the management of the United States Branch Mint at San Francisco, California; having relation to certain frauds alleged to have been perpetrated thereon. Adopted. Mr. Hulburd (N. Y.) offered a resolution directing H. A. Smythe, Collector of the port of New York, to report the receipts received by him in his official capacity, and from what The House proceeded to the consideration of the report submitted yesterday from the Committee on Accounts in relation the charges preferred against N. G. Ordway, Sergeant-at-Arms: the resolution reported recommending

the discharge of the committee from the further consideration of the subject, and excuerating Mr. Ordway from all charges. Mr. Eroomall (Pa.) said there was no ma-

the previous question. necessity for haste in bringing the subject before the House. He might not deem it necessary to submit a report, after a further examination of the case; and whatever his report might be, it would not differ materially with the report of

o the House because he was disposed to be discourteous toward his colleague on the committee, but as Mr. McCullough did not differ materially from the majority, he did not deem it necessary to keep the subject from the House any longer. Mr. McCullough admitted that he agreed

time, for he was in doubt about this subject of constructive mileage. He might conclude not to sul mit a report after a further examination

of the subject. Mr. Broomall did not suppose there would be any objection to the gentleman's submitting a minority report to go with the majority report and other papers. The difference of the gen-tleman with the majority committee was only a difference as to the regularity of a certain proceeding. The charge against Mr. Ordway was one of fraud, and of that charge the whole committee agreed that he should be exonerated. The resolution discharging the committee was then passed, with the understanding that Mr.

for such service; the money appropriated there-for; and also that the Postmaster General inform the House with regard to the transporta-tion of the mail by Wells, Fargo & Co.: the carrying of the mail by express; the sale of stamped envelopes, &c. Mr. Banks, (Mass.,) iron

Mr. Kelley (Pa.) moved the Committee on Expenditures of the Post Office Department. Mr. Farnsworth (III.) moved the Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads. After considerable discussion relative to the most appropriate committee, the subject was referred to the Committee on Expenditures of

Nº., 4,665.

peachment,' and Paine was so registered." The undersigned, members of the Kesonstruction Committee, each of whom was predent on the occasion referred to deem it but justice to say that the forgoing statement of what Mr. Stevens said and did in relation to Mr. Paine is in every particular untrae and without the least color of truth. We further say that Gen. Paine neither attempted to leave the room nor manifested any desire to evade the question of the impeachment of the President, but on the contrary stated his opinions and

struction Committee of the House of Representat ves on the proposition to impeach the President, sppeared in the correspondence of the

New York Mribune, under date of 13th Feb-

"Before the vote was taken Mr. Payne, who

voted for impeachment last year, attempted to dodge the question in committee, and moved to-

ward the door to leave the room. Mr. Stevens, observing his movements, and shaking his finger at him said, Paine come back, you

have got to face the music. Go on either one

side or the other.' Paine hesitated, and then

Stevens said "clerk, put him down against im-

voted without one word of reproof or dictation from Mrs. Stevens or any other members of the [Signed by] J. A. Bingham, J. F. Parnsworth, Geo. S. Boutwell, James Brooks, C. T. Hulburd, F. C. Beaman and Jas. B. Beck. Mr. Paine said that now disposed of the question, so far as he was concerned, and he desired to add that he had had no conversation.

upon the subject, either with Mr. Stevens or with the correspondent of the Tribune. Mr. Stevens (Pa.) rose to make a remark, and the members gathered around him, creating some confusion. After order had been restored.

"The whole statement is fale from beginning to end, nor have I had any conversation of the kind with any human being."
Messrs. Perham (Me.,) Nunn (Teen...) and Polsley (W. Va...) from the Committee on Invalid Pensions, submitted a number of private

bills, which were severally disposed of as indicated by the committee.

Mr. Miller, (Pa.) from the same committee, reported a bill extending the provisions of the act naturalizing such foreigners as had enlisted in the army, to persons who had enlisted in the naval and merine service of the United States. Mr. Pike (Me.) moved its reference to the

Committee on Naval Affairs. The motion was rejected-yeas 51, nays 74; and the bill was then Mr. Penham (Me.) from Pension Committee reported a bill to extend the Naval Pension acto coal heavers, &c. Pending the consideration

#### FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The rates for call loans are unchanged; in New York 4 per cent, being the minimum price, and 6 the highest on miscellaneous securities. But large balances remained unemployed, which might be obtained on easier terms, if they were wanted. The banks are discounting liberally, and commercial paper of a reasonably good character is easily negotiated at 6 to 7 per cent. As the spring trade fairly sets in, currency must continue to flow to that centre; and the banks are in little danger of being weakened by a withdrawal of legal-tender in another direction.

Government Securities.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20, 1868.- Jay Cooke & Co. furnish the following quotations of Government securities:

U. S. Five Twenties, 1865...... 109% U. S. Five Twenties, Jana J'y, 65 107% U. S. Ten Forties NEW YORK PIRST BOARD SALES.

5.20's, 1865......169% Gold .......160 5.20's, Jn & Jy, 65...100 %

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.-First Board-U. S. 6's, 1:81, coupon, 111½; 5.20's, 1862, coupons, 111½; 1864, coupon, 108½; 1865, coupons, 109½; 1865, coupon, 109½; 5.20's, 1867, coupon, 108½; 10.40's, coupons, 105 \; 7.30's, second, 107 \; 7.30's, third, 107 \; Pacific Mail, 110 \; Atlantic Mail, 97%; Canton, 59%; Cumberland, 36; Western Union Telegraph, 34%; Quicksilver, 24; Mari-posa, 5%; do. pref'd, 12; Boston Water Power, 0; N. Y. Central, 132 4; Erie, 73 4; do. prf'd, 77; Hudson, 148; Reading, 93%; Michigan Central, 113; Michigan Southern, 92%; Illinois Central, 127%; Clareles Southern, 92%; Illinois Central, 137 X; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 98; North western, 59%; do. prefd, 73%; Cleveland and Toledo, 110%; Rock Island, 98; Adams, 74%; Wells, Fargo & Co. Express, 41; Merchant's Union. 32; American Express, 70; United States Express, 72%; Ohio and Miss. Certificates, 31%;

Flour, but there is no disposition among holders to press sales. Grain .- Corn was fairly active yesterday and steady. Sales were made of 4,000 to 5,000 bush els white at 116a120 cts.: 1,000 bushels damp and

white. Oats were firm at 78a80 cts. 11 gall g cts for Shoulders, 13a13 g cts for rib Sides, 13% cts for clear rib do, and 17a18 cts for Hams; 131/2 cts was, we understand, refused for clear rib sides. Lard we now quote at 15a15 2 cts, and Mess Pork at \$24 per bbl.

To-day's New York Markets.

ALLEGED INSULT TO PRUSSIA BY A UNITED STATES CONSUL -In the Prussian House of Deputies, Tuesday, the Government was asked. o explain why the United States Consul at Jerusalem was allowed to procure the arrest of one Markers, Jewish subject of Prussia, with whose ward, a young girl, he sought to elope; and why, after her guardian had been thrown into prison, the Prussian Consul at Jerusalem. refused his demand for protection. The case created much feeling among the Jews, who regard it as similar to the Mortara affair at Rome, and say the outrage is an insult to Prussia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1866.
I consider 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a valuable medicine in cases of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it. Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMPSON."

delegates were instructed to vote as a unit.

and examined Hon. Nathan Sargeant, Commissioner of Customs, relative to the appointment of special agents in his bureau of the Treasury Department. The committee has before it Senator Patterson's bill forbidding the appointment by the President or any heads of Departments of special agents. They propose examining a large number of witnesses on the general subject of special agents, heretofore employed by various Departments. It is probable the Senate bill may be somewhat modified before it is reported to the House from the committee.

RENCY, at their meeting this morning, heard statements from several Western bank officers relative to amendments of national banking act, and increase of the volume of the currency. No action was taken.

of Captain Gilbert C. Smith. Assistant Quartermaster, U. S. army, of his commission as 1st Lieut. 9th United States Infantry, (only) has been accepted by the President to take effect The resignations of 1st Lieut. Dennis H. Williams, 41st infantry; 1st Lieut Robert F. Stockton, 5th cavalry; 2d Lieut Richard H. Rosseau, Jr., 1st cavalry, and 2d Lieut. John Steele, 2d cavalry, has been accepted, to take effect from the 14th instant. Brevet Major and Assistant Surgeon H. A.

Navigation, Treasury Department, opened proposals for furnishing all the materials and labor necessary to the complete construction Quarters now building at the United States Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md. The bids Washington, D. C., offer to furnish the whole, complete, in a reasonable time, for n 90 days, for \$15,460. Vulcan Iron Works,

complete in 90 days, for \$15,750. the guarantee required did not accompany lison & Co., Philadelphia, all complete in two months, for \$22,000. W. E. Wood & Co., all complete in ninety days, for \$10,400. Thomas Lesshor & Co., all complete in thirty days, Md., all complete in sixty days, for \$2,000 Steven, Geohegan & Co., New York, all complete in 60 days, for \$16,500. Hayward, Bart ett & Co., Baltimore, all complete in 90 days for \$14,500. F. McGhan, of Washington, D C., proposed to furnish the boilers at \$2,500 each, and castings at 7 cents per pound.

The contract will be awarded in the course of

dent of the Senate laid before that body to-day a communication from the President of the United States, enclosing a report from the Attorney General in compliance with a resolution adopted by the Senate on the 2d day of December, 1867, requesting "a full list of the names of all persons pardoned by the President since May 1st, 1865, who have been convicted of counterfeiting United States bonds, al currency, or the currency of the United mended." The report covers about 100 pages of

VENTILATION OF THE SENATE CHAMBER .-Mr. Buckalew presented in the Senate to-day report from Thomas Antisell, M. D., of Washington, D. C., relative to regulating the emperature of the air in the Senate Chamber. which was referred to the Committee on Con-

they may deliver the heated air effectively at various parts of the chamber floor."

the session MRAM MOTHOR 081

600. Referred to Committee on Finance.

Point appropriation bill.

Also, bill to provide for the retirement of offi-

shall be decided by a majority of the vote actually cast was read Mr. Trumbull said considerable comment had been excited in some quarters by the action of the Senate on these bills, and read a newspaper paragraph on the subject, after which he gave an account of the circumstances attending the adoption of the clause requiring a majority of all those registered to vote on the ratification of the Constitution

should decide the question. A further amendment reported by the Judi-ciary Committee was, all those who are duly

bill the instructions to the committee to report | U. S. Seven Thirties, June ..... 107 & in favor of the repeal of all the reconstruction | U. S. Seven Thirties, July ...... 107 & House of Representatives .- Mr. Dawes (Mass.) offered a resolution to extend the time for taking testimony in the New Mexico con-

Mr. Ashley (Nev.) offered a resolution insources his receipts came. Adopted.

terial difference of opinion among the individual members of the committee, and unless some gentleman asked an explanation, he would call Mr. McCullough, (Md.,) from the minority of the committee, said he had not fully determined whether to make a minority report or not; but as he desired time for further thought upon the subject, he had asked the chairman of the committee to defer making the report, as he saw no

the majority, except as to the argument.

Mr. Broomall said he had not made the report

with the majority in nearly all particulars, but there was one item that he did not think the testimony had fully cleared. He did not beheve there was any wilful purpose or intention on the part of the Sergeant-at-Arms to defraud the Government, nor did he believe the Sergeant-at-Arms had received more money than he was entitled to; but the difficulty in his (Mc-Culiough's) mind was with regard to the charging of constructive mileage. The law of 1859 deprived, in his view, the Sergeant-at-Arms of the right to charge for constructive mileage. While he did not charge that the Sergeant-at-Arms had paid to him more money than he was entitled to for the work actually performed by him, for he was called to travel considerably and to send messages to various points at the call of committees of the House. It was only with a view of fully satisfying his own mind upon this subject that he had asked for further

McCuliough may submit a minority report. On motion of Mr. Clarke (Kansas) the Postmaster General was directed to furnish the House with copies of all contracts made with Benjamin Holladay for the transportation of the overland mail; the amount of money paid

Foreign Affairs, reported a bill in relation to the rights of American citizens abroad. Ordered to be printed and recommitted. Mr. McClurg (Mo.), from the Committee on Southern Railroads, submitted a report, setting forth that pending the investigation of the affairs of southern railroads, the committee had incidentally elicited testimony which would seem to show fraud in the giving out of contracts from the Post Office Department; but the committee had no authority to investigate this subject. The committee report at length the testimony indicating the fraud referred to, and report a resolution directing the committee to examine the subject of contracts made with the Post Office Department for the transportation of the United States mails, and to report such facts as may be deemed of importance as showing evidence of fraud; and that the committee have power to send for persons and papers. Mr. Van Wyck moved to fill the blank by inserting the Committee on Southern Railroads.

referred to the Committee on Expenditures of the Post Cffice Department.

Mr. Phelps (Md.) presented joint resolutions of the General Assembly of Maryland in relation to the protection of naturalized citizens abroad; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Paine (Wis.) rising to a personal explanation, sent to the Clerk's desk and had read a paragraph from the Washington correspondence of the New York Induse of February 17, reterating certain statements previously published with regard to Mr. Paine's vote upon the subject of impeachment, and stating that what was originally published upon the subject came direct from Mr. Stevens (Pa.), and that the latter had reiterated the truth of the statements. In this connection Mr. Paine also sent to the Clerk's deak and had read the following statement, signed by all the members of the Reconstruction Committee except Mr. Stevens and himself:

The following communication concerning General Paine and the action of the Recon-

Mr. Stevens said :

the morning hour expired and the bill were

# ....

[By Bankers' and Brokers' Telegraph.] Lewis Johnson & Co. quote stocks and bonds n home and foreign markets as follows:

Fort Wayne, 101; Gold, 140%. Market steady. Baltimore Market. Flour.-We hear of no sales being made yesterday, but the market, although quiet, is steady and firm in tone, and prices were maintained for all descriptions. There is a fair stock of

mixed yellow at 113a116 cts, and 10,000 bushels or me yellow at 117a118 cts. Wheat was firm, but mactive; sales of some 2,000 bushels being reported at 240a260 cts for red, and 265 cts for Provisions.—The market is firmer, and prices are higher for all varieties. We note sales of 25,000 lbs Bulk rib Sides at 11% cts, and of 10,000 lbs Shoulders at 9% cts, but subsequently 9% cts was refused for Shoulder, and at the close Sides were held at 12 cts for rib, and 12% cts for clear rib. Bacon is active and very firm at

Sugars.—We note sales yesterday of 50 hhds Martinique Sugars at 12% a12% cts, and of 20 hhds Demerara vacuum pan at 15% cts. The market is firm in tone.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Flour 5a10 cents lower. Wheat dull and drooping. Corn la2 cents lower. Rye quiet and very firm. Oats are very dull. Pork steady; new mess \$24.12%. Lard. very firm at 14a15 cents. Whisky nominal. Barley scarce and advancing. Peas nominal. Cotton firmer at 24 k a 24 k cents for middling uplands. Freights dull. Spirits Turpentine steady at 65 cents. Rosin firm at \$3.25 for

The Finance Minister replied that the German

Consulat Jerusalem was the Federal and the

Prussian representative, and consequently, application for information must be made to he Chancellor of the North German Confede. ACCIDENT ON THE BALTIMORE AND ORIO RAILEOAD.—Passengers from the West by the Baltimore and Ohio Road report a serious accident to the eastward bound train, near Grafton, on Monday night. The rear sleeping car was thrown from the tarck by a broken rail, dragged three hundred yards, and thrown down a steep embankment, between twenty-five and thirty feet, into Buffalo Creek, and there broke into fragments. The car contained about fifteen passengers, none of whom were killed. William Harris, Dayton, and David Gibson, Mrs. Theodore Cook and daughter, and Mrs. Ben. Robinson, of Chanati, were all somewhat bruised, though not seriously. Several Cincin-nati gentlemen who were with the above nam-

vious to the accident, and so escaped. THE TYNG TRIAL.-The trial of the Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., was brought to a con-clusion in New York on Tuesday Judge Fullerton made an argument for the defence, and Mr. S. P. Nash made the closing argument for the presenters. Rev. Dr. Tyng gave notice that he would deliver his argument in the case, on the part of the defence, at St. George's Church last evening. The Court then recited he canon directing them in the further proceedings, and adjourned. This ends the case for the present. The next step will be the report of the Court's decision to the bishop, who will then be called upon to act upon it.

ed had gone forward to the smoking car pre-

57 The Fort Sarders lader published the statement that two thousand hostile Indians are marching into the Sweet Water county from the West, pillaging and murdering as they go. Several ranches are reported to have been acked by them, the cattle driven off, houses burned, and the ranchmen compelled to seek safety in fight. The statement is very indefinite, and the outrages doubtless much exaggerated.

obtained a verdict against a well known fish-dealer for selling trout out of season. His de-fence was that he bought them of a man who imported them from Canada, but it appears that Canadian law is against the practice too, and now the club is prosecuting the importer for his share in the business.

sor Small-pox in its most virulent form is raging fearfully in Toronto.